# **5G NR Air Interface**

## 5G\_308d | On-Demand | 5G Access | Expanded Course Duration: 2 days

This learning takes an in-depth look at the 5G New Radio (NR) Air Interface and key operations that enable a 5G Standalone (SA) network to support the 5G services.

#### **Intended Audience**

Design, Development, and Performance Engineers of Radio Network, Device, and Tools.

#### **Objectives**

After completing this course, the student will be able to:

- Describe the frame structure with numerology of the 5G NR air interface
- List downlink and uplink signals and channels and describe their function
- Identify key steps of network acquisition, random access, and connection setup
- Explain how data is transferred in the downlink and the uplink
- Step through the handover and idle/inactive mode operations

### **Course Prerequisites**

Welcome to 5G

### Outline

- 5G NR Foundation
  1.1 Key features of 5G NR Air Interface
  1.2 5G Network Deployments
  1.3 5G Radio Access Network
  Exercise: 5G Radio Access Network
- 2. Spectrum and Numerology of 5G NR
- 2.1 Frequency Spectrum
- 2.2 OFDM and Numerology Overview
- 2.3 5G NR Frame Structure
- 2.4 Overview and Configuration of DSS
- 3. Spectral Efficiency
- 3.1 Massive MIMO
- 3.2 Beamforming Overview
- 3.3 SDMA and Frequency Reuse
- 4. Meeting Service Requirements
- 4.1 RAN Slicing
- 4.2 Bandwidth Adaptation
- 4.3 Low Latency
- 5. Channels and Signals
- 5.1 5G Channels and Signals
- 5.2 Sync Signals and PBCH
- 5.3 SSB and Random Access in 5G
- 6. 5G Operations6.1 5G NSA Operations

6.2 SA Network Acquisition6.3 Registration and PDU Session6.4 Overview of DL and UL DataExercise: SA Network Acquisition

7. Mobility Operations7.1 Beam Switching7.2 Xn Handover7.3 Idle and Inactive in 5GExercise: 5G Xn Handover

**Final Assessment** 



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